



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17.

There was a general attendance of Democratic members of Congress last night at their caucus in the hall of the House of Representatives. Fernando Wood presided, and Representatives Getz and Shober acted as Secretaries. Several propositions relative to reduction of taxes, adjournment of the session of Congress, etc., were offered, debated and finally withdrawn, the caucus being of opinion that it would be better to take no definite action at present. They were in session only an hour.

In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Sherman reported a tariff bill, which was referred back to the Finance Committee. It was brought in as a substitute for the House bill repealing the duties on salt and coal, and proposes to fix the duties as follows: "On all bituminous coal, fifty cents, on salt in bulk, and on all rock salt, nine cents, per hundred pounds; salt in bags, sacks, barrels or other packages, twelve cents, per hundred pounds; on all iron and steel and all manufactures of iron and steel, of which either of such metals is the component part of chief value, excepting pig iron and steel rails, ninety per centum of present rate of duty, being a reduction of ten per cent.

The resolutions passed by the Legislature "that all bills and joint resolutions which passed the General Assembly and were presented to the Governor for his approval within less than five days preceding the late recess, and were not returned to the clerk or some other proper officer of the house in which they respectively originated, with the objections of the Governor, became laws, to take effect when not otherwise provided, after five days from such presentation," will probably go to the courts. It is a very important question, and in the opinion of many utterly at variance with the spirit of the constitution.

The funeral of Rev. John McGill, Catholic Bishop of Virginia, took place in Richmond yesterday. The ceremonies were of the most impressive and solemn character, and were witnessed by an immense congregation, while thousands were unable to gain admittance to the Cathedral. Bishops Becker, of Wilmington, Del., and Gibbons, of North Carolina, with a number of priests of the Diocese participated. The remains of the deceased Bishop were interred in the chapel under the cathedral.

The Norfolk Journal says:—"The great necessity of the State, the urgent outcry of the citizens of the Commonwealth, the eager demand of the tax-paying, enterprising, wide awake people of Virginia, is for immigration. Their intelligence teaches them that we have too much land lying idle. Their common sense shows them that we must have more money and more labor, if we would make our State what she ought to be."

In the House of Representatives yesterday the committee to investigate the Louisiana mudslide was appointed by the Speaker. An inquiry into the disposition by the States of the land scrip awarded them was ordered. The bill admitting free of duty donations and building materials from foreign countries for use at Chicago was passed.

Yesterday, the counting up the fractional currency in the U. S. Treasury, which has been going on for some time, was brought to a conclusion. Still remains to count, in notes, about \$95,000,000, before a balance can be struck to ascertain whether the amount counted agrees with the Treasurer's books.

At the monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the C. & O. Canal held at Frederick on Friday, the rate of tolls for the next season was continued at forty-six cents per ton to Georgetown. The amount in the Treasury on the 1st instant was \$79,150.

As a satirical allusion to Mr. Bergh, the President of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, the following notice is posted at the Astor House restaurant in New York: "Oysters chloroformed and opened a la S. for the P. of C. to A."

The Wharton trial is drawing to a close, and this week it will probably terminate, and the case be given to the jury. The State's Attorney, Mr. Revell, commenced his opening speech in behalf of the prosecution, yesterday.

It is said that the subject of the difficulties with Spain growing out of the boarding of the Florida, was before the Cabinet yesterday and it was determined to lay the matter before the Spanish authorities and ask their response.

Mr. Sumner, yesterday, presented to the Senate a petition in favor of National Liquor Prohibition law, and Mr. Scott a memorial asking that all liquor drinkers be prohibited from election to any Federal office.

Great efforts in behalf of the Temperance cause are now being made in England. Probably the most powerful anti-liquor organization in the world is the "United Kingdom Alliance" of Great Britain.

The old subject of claims for French spoliations, in 1890, is again brought before Congress, by memorials from various portions of the country.

The Richmond State Journal proposes to submit the subject of the debt of the State (as between Virginia and West Virginia) to arbitration.

It is proposed to appoint Mr. Akerman, late Attorney General, to a U. S. Judgeship in Georgia.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Time."

A dispatch from San Francisco says:—"One of the Japanese Princesses destined for Vassar College is exquisitely beautiful, and will make a sensation. The Embassy and suite, with the exception of the Prime Minister, arrived here in the most outlandish English ready made garments, of all styles, but have already discarded them for the most fashionable clothing obtainable here. The Prime Minister still adheres to the native costume of richly embroidered satin. The receptions of civil, military and naval officers have been going on all day. The citizens manifest respect, but there is no vulgar sight-seeing or offensive curiosity displayed."

Mr. Schofield of Penn., has introduced in the House of Representatives a bill for the appointment of three hundred additional apprentices, in the navy, to be known as "Union apprentices," who shall be between the ages of fifteen and seventeen years and serve until they are twenty-one. Upon arriving at that age if they pass a satisfactory examination, it is made the duty of the Secretary of the Navy to appoint them as Union seamen which position they shall hold for life.

A vote was taken in both branches of the General Assembly of Maryland, yesterday, for U. S. Senator, but there was no election. Fifty-four votes are necessary to a choice. Geo. Vickers, of Kent, (the present incumbent), received 23 votes; Daniel M. Henry, of Dorchester, received 15 votes; George R. Demaris, of Somerset, received 14 votes; James T. Earle, of Queen Anne's, received 10 votes. These were the highest cautions.

It is said that after Col. Fick's death, all settled his property will not amount to more than \$100,000. It is reported that the bulk of the property had gone into the hands of lawyers, who certainly did bleed him with great zeal and fidelity.

The Secretary of War has asked Congress to appropriate \$42,000 to complete the marble statue of Lieut. Gen. Winfield Scott, lieutenant, &c., in accordance with the unanimous joint resolution of Congress of 1867.

The Ways and Means Committee of Congress are examining the alleged infraction of law by Secretary Boutwell in his dealings with the Syndicate, for the sale of the new National Loan.

Mr. James G. Blaine, Speaker of the House of Representatives, through the medium of a newspaper published at his home, favors the re-nomination of Vice President Colfax.

The City Council of Baltimore yesterday re-elected John A. Robb, ex. Reg. of Baltimore, a position which he has filled for two years past.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

A loyalist meeting in London last night was invaded by Republicans and broken up by force, the rioters refusing to leave the hall after they had accomplished their object. Violence is not a good argument for any cause, but it must be allowed that the example was set by the other side.

Notwithstanding the efforts of the French authorities to prevent the assassination of German soldiers in the occupied departments, those outrages still continue. Another case is just reported.

A shocking accident occurred in Salford, England, yesterday. The roof of a school house fell in while the school was in session and many of the children were injured, some of them seriously.

Ex-Queen Isabella, of Spain, and the Duke de Montpensier met in Geneva on Saturday last and effected a reconciliation of the differences which have for some time existed between them.

THE MARCH OF CONSOLIDATION.—A bill was introduced into the House of Representatives the other day to establish a National System of Education. The "government" to take charge of all the public schools.

Senator Spencer, of Alabama, has supplemented this by introducing a bill into the Senate "to regulate commerce among the several States." The New York Herald commenting on this, says:

"Its importance cannot be very well overestimated. It is the first great movement in Congress to regulate the railroads, canals and other highways by the Federal government. We have not the bill before us, and, therefore, cannot discuss the merits of it in detail; but the principle is right. It was referred to the committee on commerce. Let us hope it will not remain there long, and that a strong measure will be reported back to the Senate. The railroads are the great arteries of commerce among the several States, and yet the companies impose oppressive tariffs and do as they please, independent of the Federal government."

It is time that these vast monopolies were put under proper restraint, and that the people be protected from exorbitant charges to pay dividends on watered stock and to fill the coffers of a few railroad magnates.

So we advance towards a Consolidated Empire. Step by step the functions of the States are being gradually absorbed by the Federal Congress. The United States will presently be a great plain, with no interior boundary lines. Our magistrates and our constables will be made in Washington.—*Richmond Enquirer*.

VACCINE NOTES from the Indianapolis Evening Journal:—"It don't cost the owner much to keep a cow, if she is of the right sort. It costs the neighbors dollars. Cows destroy one hundred thousand dollars worth of property every year. Half a dozen cows sleep in the East Market house every night. Andy McQuatt fell over a sleeping cow in the East Market house, and came near breaking his neck. Jesse Jones's cow was expropriated several years since. She was the preceptress of all the gate-opening cows in the city. S. M. Bristor has the most talented cow now in the city. She is a large, bull-necked cow, with a leather strap. She can pick a patent lock or jump a ten-rail fence. Bricks enough to have broken the five per cent. court-house have been broken over her head. William Smith has a large Texas-horned and red-spotted cow that runs with Bristor's animal. She can open any gate to get in, but always pretends she can't get out. Mrs. H—, of Massachusetts avenue, has a white cow, notorious as a cabbage thief and wagon robber. Harry Craft has a hypocritical cow that always goes away from home to forage. She prospers in the daytime and degrades at night. Pennsylvania street is her favorite range."

THE WRECK OF A MAN.—Springfield has just had a sensation. A former State official, and a man who has occupied high positions, not only in the Commonwealth, but in the nation, has been on a prolonged spree for some days in her classic precincts. On Friday he visited Bunn's banking house, and demanded fifty dollars. It was refused, whereupon he abused the teller like a pick pocket, and had to be ejected. He visited a saloon and asked for a drink of whiskey. The bar tender told him he had none, whereupon he grew so violent that he was put out by force. Drunken, friendless, and an outcast—such is the fate of one who aspired to be President of the United States. He is now a perfect wreck, and even his friends have come to the conclusion that the only service he can render is to die. Whiskey has swamped him as it has many another.—*Portland Press*.

## From Richmond.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)  
RICHMOND, Jan. 16.—In the Senate, to-day, the House joint resolution permitting the sub-committee on Asylums to visit these institutions during the session of the Legislature, was taken up and passed: an amendment, "that no additional expense to the State shall be thereby incurred," being rejected by a vote of 22 to 4.

A resolution that absentees are not entitled to pay unless absent on account of sickness, went over.

The Committee on County, City and Town Organization were instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the registration law as to provide that registered voters shall be required to obtain a certificate of registration on removing from one township or ward to another, or township or ward in the same county or city, and not when moving from one county or city to another county or city.

The bill to reduce the pay and mileage of members of the Legislature, the order of the day, was taken up but laid on the table, on account of the absence of members.

The Committee on County, City and Town Organization were instructed to inquire and report what legislation is necessary to provide for the resignation of county and township officers.

The bill for the preservation of the historical papers in the capital, making an appropriation of \$1,000, to be paid out of the library fund, was ordered to be engrossed.

A Senate bill to provide for the levy, attachment or distress of property under claim for rent reserved upon a contract to be paid in money, and for the sale of property so attached or distressed, was recommitted.

The Senate bill to provide for the payment of the interest on the public debt, was laid on the table without debate.

In the House of Delegates bills were reported, amending the 27th section of the school law, and to provide for the organization of county school boards.

The bill to incorporate the Page county bank was ordered to be engrossed.

The following bills were passed:—Bills defining the jurisdiction of county courts, requiring clerks of courts to furnish county supervisors with copies of court orders and allowances that are payable out of the county treasury, and requiring supervisors to levy a tax to pay the same; to amend section 10, chapter 205 of the code in relation to jurors in criminal cases; to simplify declarations in actions against insurance companies; to amend section 46 of chapter 58 of the code, in relation to the number of guards for a lunatic, while being conveyed to the asylum; and the joint resolution requesting Congress to refund the tax collected on raw cotton in 1865, 1866 and 1867 to those who paid it.

The bill providing for a Special Court of Appeals after being further amended was ordered to be engrossed.

A bill in relation to disposing of the State's interest in the James River and Kanawha canal company, was made the special and continuing order for Thursday.

A joint resolution relative to the official terms of certain officers of the government, and the time within which they may qualify, was passed.

The bill to amend section 2 of chapter 162 of the code in relation to exemption from juries, was dismissed.

Bills were presented authorizing the appointment of deputy county and township officers in term time or vacation; proposing to amend the code in relation to deeds of trust, &c., on chattel property; to amend the fence law; to amend the road law; to amend the law in regard to granting charters to banks, &c., by the General Assembly.

In the House, to-day, Mr. Stovall, of Halifax, introduced a new plan by which the interest upon the public debt and the debt itself may be paid. He proposes to adjust the question upon the ratio of the debt to the property in 1860 as compared with 1871, and his plan includes a tax upon licenses and liquors, from which he expects to raise, at 50 cents per gallon, a net revenue of \$2,305,890. He estimates the new debt at \$31,274,700, the interest on which would be \$1,876,487. It provides for a sinking fund of one per cent., \$312,747. The interest would thus be paid, a sinking fund provided, and a balance left of \$116,554 for current expenses. The plan, which comes rather late, was referred to the Joint Committee on Finance.

It is expected that the joint committee on the financial condition of the State, will conclude its labors to-morrow, when, from the known opinions of the members composing the committee, it is not doubted that there will be two reports—one favoring a repeal of the Funding bill, and the other upholding its provisions. It seems to be the impression that so much of the interest as cannot be paid without an increase of the present rate of taxation, will be virtually repudiated and another compromise offered to the holders of the bonds.

The funeral services of the late Bishop McGill were concluded to-day, when the corpse was deposited in the vault in the Bishop's Chapel, in the basement of the Cathedral. The services consisted of a grand high pontifical mass by Bishop Gibbons, of North Carolina, assisted by Bishop Becker, of Delaware, Bishop Lynch, of South Carolina, and Bishop O'Hara, of Pennsylvania. Bishop Gibbons delivered the funeral sermon, during which he paid a beautiful tribute to the character and religious zeal of the deceased, after which a solemn requiem was sung by the choir.

S. B. Mercer, of Loudoun county, was to-day, commissioned a Notary Public.

Judge Underwood was to have opened his court to-day, but telegraphed that he would be unable to be there.

Two car loads of whiskey were shipped from this city for Savannah, on Monday.

## Letter from Westmoreland County.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)  
WESTMORELAND, Va., Jan. 11.—If the old adage, "no news is good news," be true, then our section of country for some time past has been decidedly blessed. Christmas came and went without producing the slightest ruffle upon the current of events, and the New Year quite as quietly succeeded the old.

The December term of our County Court falling on Christmas day, was attended by but a small number of the people, and very little business was transacted. Our Commonwealth's attorney and a considerable number of the citizens residing at points more remote from the Court House, regarding Christmas as a dies non juridicum, failed to enter their appearance on Monday, but came on Tuesday and found Court adjourned till the next monthly term.

Through a combination of circumstances, we are enabled to explain a vacancy in the office of clerk of our Circuit and County Courts transpired on the first of this month and continued till to-day, when Mr. Wm. S. McKenny qualified before Judge Lewis. The closing of the office, for such a length of time has been the occasion of no little embarrassment to some, especially to several couples of our young people who had chosen this particular time for the celebration of their nuptials. A little exercise of the grace of patience may be no disadvantage to these.

The Board of Supervisors for this county held an adjourned meeting yesterday to complete some business deferred at their regular annual meeting in December. The county expenses were estimated at \$528,28, and a levy laid of eighteen cents on the \$100 of property real and personal—capitation tax, fifty cents.—Last year the levy was twenty five cents.

Our neighbors of Richmond county had the misfortune, some weeks ago, to lose their jail by fire. Our own good, orderly people having out little use for such an institution, have rented them a room in our county jail which is now occupied by Thomas Jenkins. He will be tried

at Warsaw, on the first Monday in February, to show cause why he should include the extravagance of having two wives.

The dwelling house on the farm known as "Glebe," near Richmond Court House, was burned on the 18th of November last. Mr. J. H. Wood, the owner, estimates his loss at \$1750, insured in the Southern Mutual of Richmond city, for \$920. His claim has been adjusted through Mr. Wm. E. Baker, local agent of the Company at this place, and will be paid at maturity.

Col. Ferdinand Blackwell, formerly of Northumberland, but for the last fifteen years a resident of this county, died suddenly, at Bushfield, his residence, on yesterday. Colonel B. was, in former years, an active member of the legal profession, and at one time occupied the position of Commonwealth's attorney of Northumberland, but since his removal to Westmoreland he had confined himself entirely to the pursuit of farming.

## West Virginia.

HARTSFORD, Jan. 16.—The Constitutional Convention and Legislature of West Virginia met at Charleston to-day. Officers were elected as follows: Convention—Samuel Price, of Greenbrier, president; G. J. Baebler, of Lewis, clerk. Senate—C. A. Sperry, of Greenbrier, president; J. S. Miller, of Cabell, clerk. House of Delegates—Dr. A. E. Summers, of Kanawha, speaker; J. Belmont Peyton, of Greenbrier, clerk.

The track of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad has been completed to Brownstown, ten miles east of Charleston.

## Death of Professor Rastie.

LEXINGTON, Va., Jan. 16.—Col. James W. Rastie, Professor of Mathematics in the Virginia Military Institute, died yesterday morning at 2 o'clock, aged forty-five years. Colonel Rastie has been suffering intensely ever since 1862 from disease contracted as the captain of Fort Donelson. At that time he was lieutenant colonel in command of the Fifty-first Virginia regiment.

FISH CULTURE.—A paragraph from the New York Citizen tells what has been achieved in New York by the aid of the State in replenishing the waters with fish. We are not advised of the cost, which this State establishment has imposed upon the treasury. But the advantages are incalculable. B-sides filling the larger and smaller streams with fish, every landowner in the State, who chooses to have an acre covered with water, can have an abundant supply of fish for the use of his table.

The feeble essay made by our last Legislature in this matter has, we fear, rather tended to discourage further efforts. Our financial circumstances forbid any large outlay, and small expenditures seem unavailing. Yet the subject is one of State interest. The introduction of luring trawls, that people may see the process and realize the advantages, might stimulate individual enterprise, and serve by degrees to impress all with the importance of protecting fish at certain seasons, if we would have any in our waters.—*Rich. Whig*.

FISK'S FIRST MISTAKE.—Fisk used to often tell about his first mistake in life.

Said the Colonel, "When I was a little boy on the Vermont farm, my father took me up to the stable one day, where a row of cows stood in the stable."

Said he, "James, the stable wall was pretty high for a boy, but do you think you could take this shovel and clean the stable?"

"I don't know, Pap," said James. "I never had one done."

"Well, my boy, if you will do it this morning I'll give you this brand silver dollar," said his father, putting him on his head, while he held the silver dollar before his eyes.

"Good," says James, "I'll try," and away he went to work. He ruggled, and pulled, and lifted, and puffed; and finally, it was done, and his father gave him the bright silver dollar, saying—

"That's right, James; you did it splendidly; and now I find you can do it so nicely, I shall have you do it every morning all winter!"

"THE LOWELL OF THE SOUTH."—Columbus, Georgia, has added a broom factory to her many other industries, whereupon the Mason Telegraph remarks:—"Columbus is setting a noble example to the South. Besides her thousands of looms and spindles for converting cotton and wool into cloth and yarns, she is now turning out brooms and broom heads, and has begun agricultural implements, and now she has started a broom factory. The Augusta Factory, of that city, declared during the last six months of the year two dividends of five per cent, each, a dividend of five per cent, on the 1st instant, by way of a New Year's gift to the stockholders, and made a further addition to the company's surplus fund. Who says manufacturing will not pay in the South?"

THE GREAT DIAMOND, weighing 154 carats, which has been found at the Cape, and is now on its way to England, is already furnished with its legend. It is said to have been found in the wall of one of the native huts, where a poor Irish adventurer had received hospitality for the night, and that being surprised by the light shining amid the darkness, he caught examination, found it to proceed from a clump of the earth of which the wall was built. Of course the clump was soon detached by the visitor, and this new Koh-i-noor, with many other smaller diamonds, found within.

CONFEDERATE DEBTS.—The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Progress writes that "after what the Legislature has done in reference to the State debt, it will not surprise people to learn that a proposition, which I hear meets with the cordial approval of many of the members of the majority party in the Legislature, will shortly be introduced looking to the scaling of Confederate debts, on an 'equitable basis'—which means on a commensurate principle—although I suppose many will be shocked at that way of calling it."

WEDDINGS.—The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Progress writes:—"Two fashionable weddings took place this week.—To-night Prof. Leo Wheat, the celebrated organist of the Monumental church, will 'lead to the altar,' Miss Florence Allen, a lovely and accomplished belle and heiress. To-morrow night, at St. Paul's, Capt. Lewis D. Chenshaw, jr., will be married to Miss Susan Brown Sutton, daughter of W. M. Sutton, esq., broker, late of this city, but now of New York."

THE WILL of John Janney was admitted to probate on Wednesday. It was written in 1866, and does not occupy a page of foolscap. He leaves all his property and effects absolutely to his widow. The only charge on the estate is a legacy of \$400 annually to a lady friend, Miss Lizzie White, who has long been an inmate of the family. Mr. Janney left no children. His estate is supposed to be worth \$60,000.—*London Republican*.

Another Carnival in Washington is talked of—to take place in the Spring!

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c., in great variety. We have in store, at 88 King street, a very large and well assorted stock of goods in our line, which we are offering at a small advance, preparatory to making our Spring purchases.—Call and see; it will pay you to examine before making your purchases.

JOHN T. CREIGHTON & SON.

FRESH TOASTED AND GROUND COFFEES for sale by AVERY & DAVIDSON, 226 King st., cor. Alfred.

YARWORTH BLADES for sale by AVERY & DAVIDSON, 226 King st., cor. Alfred.

## ALEXANDRIA MARKET, JANUARY 17, '72.

Flour, Superfine	80 50	6 75
Extra	75 00	6 75
Family	70 00	6 75
Family choice	65 00	6 75
Wheat, Common to fine	1 40	6 15
Fair to good	1 35	6 15
Good to prime	1 30	6 15
Prime to choice	1 25	6 15
Choice	1 20	6 15
Corn, white	0 67	6 08
Mixed	0 65	6 08
Yellow	0 60	6 10
RYE	0 55	6 08
OATS	0 50	6 08
BUTTER, prime	20 00	6 25
Common to medium	10 00	6 15
EGGS	0 34	6 25
CHICKENS, per lb.	0 15	6 15
DUCKS	0 30	6 40
IRISH POTATOES	0 50	6 80
LARD	0 9	6 30
DRESSED HOGS	7 00	6 50
TIMOTHY SEED, country	3 00	6 50
Penns. and Western	2 50	6 50
CLOVER SEED	6 50	6 75
BACON, Hams, country	0 12	6 13
Shoulders	0 8	6 04
Sides	0 7	6 04
GREEN APPLES, per bush	3 25	6 10
Dried peaches	0 9	6 10
DRIED PEACHES, packed	0 5	6 6
PLASTER, ground, per ton	7 00	6 00
Ground, in bags or bbls.	8 00	6 00
Ground, in bags, returned	8 00	6 00
Wool, common unwashed	0 38	6 40
Washed	0 55	6 40
Morino, unwashed	0 35	6 12
Morino, washed	0 54	6 04
HAY, new from the mills	25 00	6 20

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JAN. 17.

SUN RISE 7:17 AM. SUN SETS 5:00 PM. SUN SETS 5:00 PM.

MEMORANDA.

Sch. Annie Ausbury, Jones, home at 8:00 on 14th instant.

ARRIVED.

In Baltimore, on Wednesday, the 16th instant, ROSS WISANS, JR., and MARY, youngest daughter of the late Henry Ludion, formerly of Richmond.

DIED.

In this city, at half past four o'clock this morning, JOHN H. SCOTT. The subject of this notice was born in this city on the 20th day of January, 1847, and would consequently have been twenty-five years of age, had he lived to see the twenty-sixth instant. At an early age he apprenticed himself to this office for the purpose of learning the printing business, and during the whole of the time he was employed discharged the duties assigned him faithfully and satisfactorily. Upon attaining his majority, he removed to Washington, and for a while worked at his trade in that city; but being induced with a roving disposition, he next proceeded to New York; thence to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago, and in fact nearly all the principal cities of the United States, working as a journeyman. A short time since he became afflicted with an intractable disease, which necessitated his return to the city of his birth, where he knew he would meet kind and sympathizing friends and acquaintances, and the one who would cheer him on his way from which he was then suffering would soon depart from him. But, alas for human hopes, for instead of his realizing the anticipations so fondly entertained, the disease manifested itself in a more violent form, and this time he had to meet the fate of every victim. His funeral will take place at three o'clock to-morrow evening, from No. 39 South Fairfax street.

(Washington papers please copy.)

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY. It is the only article entirely natural, which restores gray hair to its natural color and youthful appearance.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY contains no poisonous substances, no sugar, lead, sulphur or nitrate of silver.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY restores gray hair in from three to ten days in every instance. We warrant it.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY supplies the hair with new vitality, and hence restores its falling out.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY is perfectly clean; it does not soil the finger nails, the finest fabric or anything else. Jewelry, which has been blackened by the various sulphur preparations, it not only does not dirty, but it actually cleanses, leaving it as bright as new.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY makes dry and brash hair moist and glossy, without, however, making it sticky, as other dry articles of this kind do. Pomades and oils may be used, if desired, with this preparation, without impairing its efficacy.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY restores hair to its natural color in a few days.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY has, in a number of instances, produced a new growth of hair; though, we do not claim that it will be successful in every case.

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY is put up in large bottles, containing over half as much more as any other in the market, while its effects are more prompt and positive, therefore, it is certainly the most economical article in use. In short, there are a thousand reasons why you should use it in preference to any other—reasons which have induced the masses who use hair restorers to use it—and chief among which is the perfect safety with which you can apply it. Try it, if you have not done so already, and though you may have used something before, or for years even, yet we can assure you that after giving CRYSTAL DISCOVERY a trial, you will gladly discard your previous favorite. If your druggist has not got it, take notice, for this is the only preparation you can use with safety, and which will perform its functions promptly. Ask him to get it for you. Price one dollar.

ARTHUR NATTANS, Sole Proprietor, For sale in Alexandria, by WARFIELD & HALL, and druggists generally.